



## POLITECNICO DI TORINO

DIMEAS - MECHANICS AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENTS «Innovative Electric and Hybrid Vehicles» Research Group

In partnership with:

PLASTICS INNOVATION POLE

proplast



# Structural analysis of thermoplastic composite components integrating process simulation mapping with ENVYO.

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## DIMEAS - MECHANICS AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING DEPARTMENTS «INNOVATIVE ELECTRIC AND HYBRID VEHICLES» RESEARCH GROUP

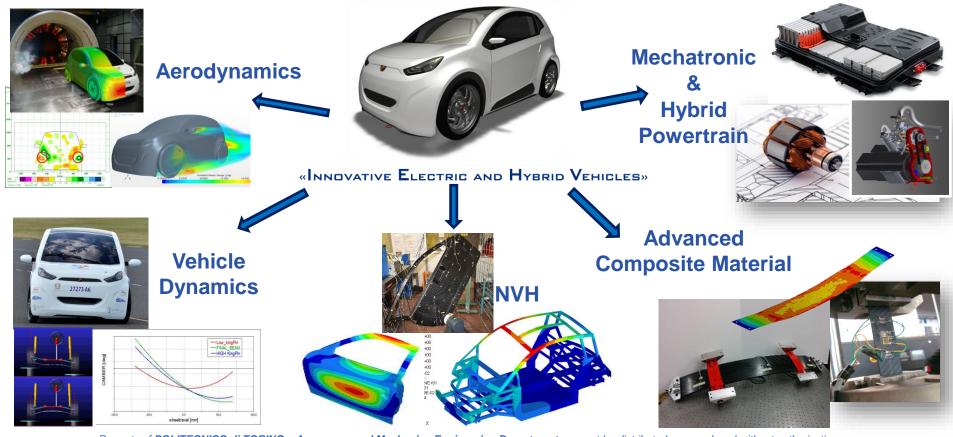


CARELLO Massimiliana (Assistant Professor)
2 Post-Doc
3 PhD Students
2 Researchers Fellowship
5 Scholarships

15 Students/year (Internship)

10 Students/year (Thesis)

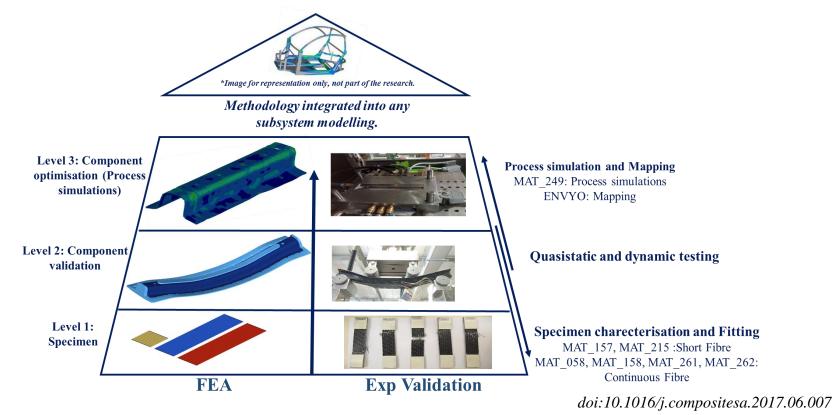




1859-2009

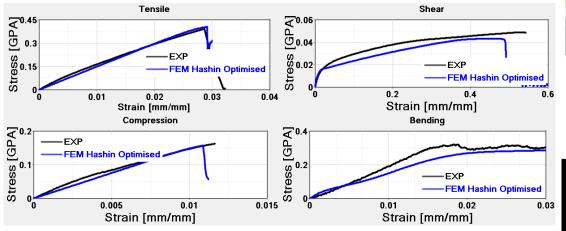
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## **Comprehensive composite modelling with LS-DYNA**





# Initial Specimen characterisation and curve fitting with MAT\_058 & MAT\_158



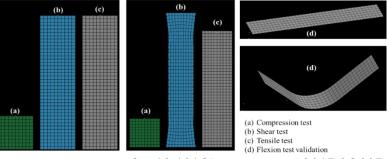


a: Tensile Test ASTM D 3039



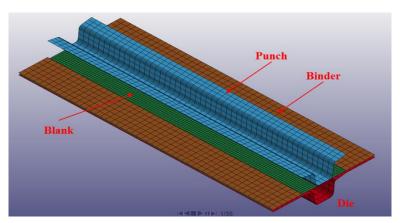


c: Bending Test ISO 14125:1998 d: Shear Test ISO 14129: 1997



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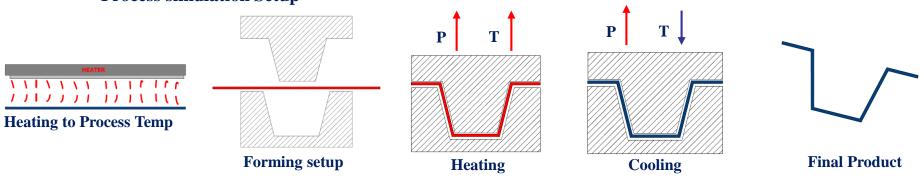
# **Process Simulations with MAT\_249**



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**Process simulation Setup** 

- *Process simulation setup to simulate the thermoforming of thermoplastic composite laminate forming.*
- Material model of blank at forming temperature: additive split between *isotropic, elasto-plastic matrix and anisotropic hyper-elastic fibers.*
- Process paramters required for process simulation:
  - Tensile modulus and the associated tensile curve.
  - Shear modulus and the associated shear curve.
  - *Resin parameters at forming temperature.*
  - Bending modulus. (no direct input)
  - Frictional coefficients (dynamic and static).



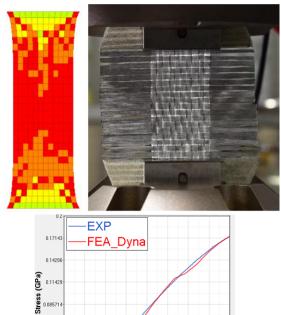


0.057143

0.0025 0.005

#### Dipartimento di Ingegneria Meccanica e Aerospaziale

## **Primary Charecterisation and Curve fitting for Mat:249**



0.01 0.0125

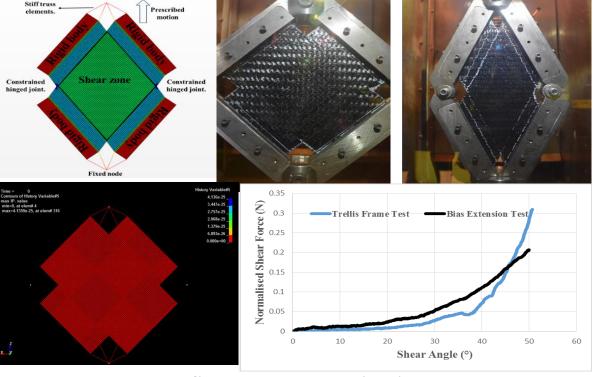
Tensile tests (ASTM D5035)

Strain (mm/mm)

0.0075

0.015

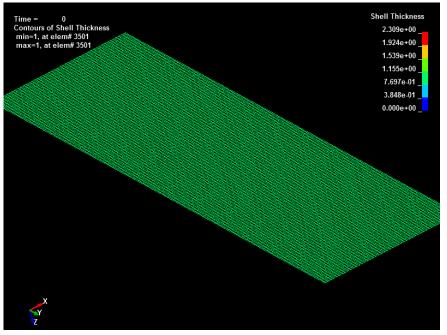
0.0175



#### Shear tests and validations



## Thermoforming simulations with MAT\_249.



#### **Process simulation conducted to identify:**

- Geometric non-linearities
  - Residual stresses and strains
  - Fabric orientation change
  - Thickness change
- Boundary non-linearities
  - Frictional wear from contact between tool and ply.



# Mapping with ENVYO

2#-----S# Main mapping definition S#-----ENVYO=SHELL-SHELL S#-----\$# Activate transformation S#-----TRANSFORMATION=YES TRAFO OPTION=ICP NodalPair#1=5684 57379 NodalPair#2=36860 57721 NodalPair#3=31477 44165 NodalPair#4=3912 47500 NodalPair#5=4028 45888 NodalPair#6=31717 45882 WriteTransformedMesh=YES \_\_\_\_\_ \$# In- and output meshes S#-----SourceFile=dynain TargetFile=model.k MappingResult=model mapped ICP.key OrientationFile=HISV TransformedMeshFile=trafo ICP.k S#-----S# Target - PIDs S#-----NumTargetPids=1 TargetPid#1=1 S#-----\$# Mapping-Options S#-----ALGORITHM=ClosestPoint SORT=BUCKET REPEAT=YES Shell Option=Composite

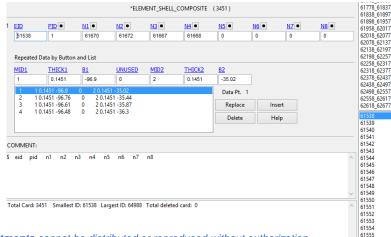
S# Source - PIDs S#------NumSourcePIDs=1 SourcePid#1=1 S#-----NumFibers=2 FiberTD#1=1 FiberID#2=2 CMPFLG=0 SourceMaterialModel=249 TargetThickness= 1 NumberOfTARInPlaneIPs=1 NumberOfTARLayers=4 ThroughThicknessAveraging=NO NumberOfFiberBundles=2 FiberBundle#1: Lay=1, IP=1, Fib=1 Lay=1, IP=2, Fib=1 Lav=1, IP=3, Fib=1 Lay=1, IP=4, Fib=1 FiberBundle#2: Lav=1, IP=1, Fib=1 Lay=1, IP=2, Fib=1 Lay=1, IP=3, Fib=1 Lay=1, IP=4, Fib=1 MapStrain=NO MapStress=NO MapThickness=YES S#-----S# END-OF-FILE S#-----

Linkage of multiple FE tools from different suppliers can be avoided when integrating ENVYO to LS-DYNA.

#### Mapped results Shell- Shell

- fiber oreintation
- Thickness

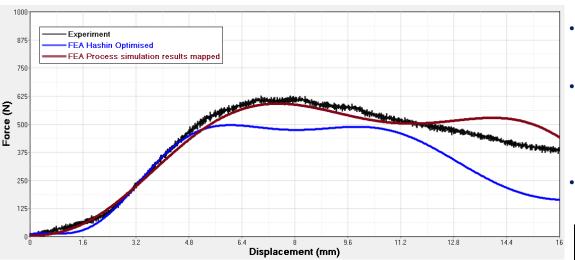
#### **Residual Stresses and strains**



61556

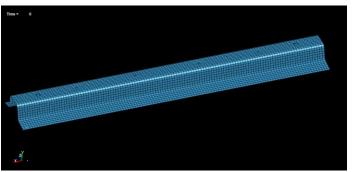


## Component four point bending curves comparison after mapping: Case Study Procomp . Initial trials shows the file





- Initial trials shows the flexurual stiffness increases slightly after mapping.
- Similar initial pattern between mapped and not mapped, mapped curve converges to match the EXP curve.
- Stiffness variations due higher fabric density and fiber waviness weakening the interface after the thermoforming through fiber-matrix debonding and frictional processes creating compressive residual stresses.
- Fabric density, fiber volume fraction and fiber packing, dependant.



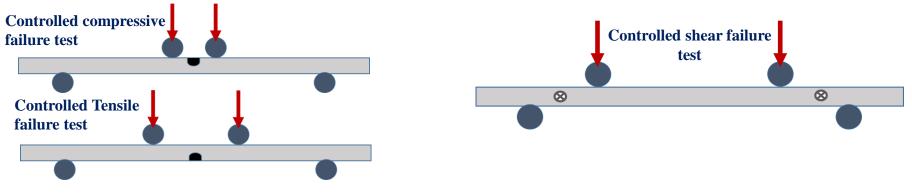
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## **Current Conclusions on mapping**

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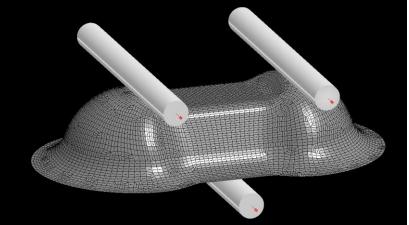
- The orientation of the load applied needs to undergo controlled mechanical perfomance validation: controlled compressive, tensile and shear modulus to assure intended failure modes, which is set for future trials.
- Decreasing the density of the fabric, for futre trials.
- The initial trial showed a slight increase in stiffness of the composite fiber part after mapping, which maybe due to the higher density of the fabric and thickness variations due to fibre matrix debonding resulting in fiber waviness leading to compressive residual stresses. (Mapped with ENVYO.)
- Need to consider the laminate density change with respect to thickness variations, the feasibility needs to researched.!
- Stable mapping capability of residual stresses and strain with ENVYO for CFRP need to be addressed.

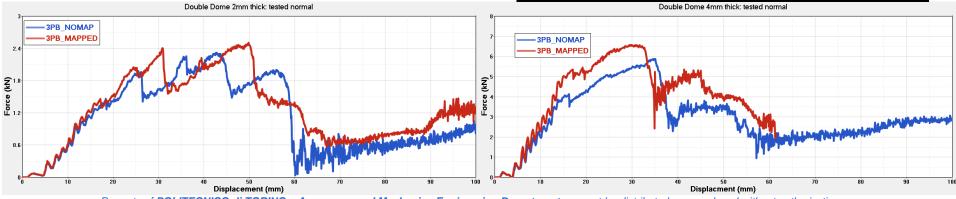




# **Ongoing Trials: Case Study DoubleDome**

- Currently only the fiber orientation change and thickness variations considered.
- Need to integrate residual stresses and strains.
- The parts with varying thickness (from 1mm to 6mm) are currently being made specifically for a sensibility study of mapping with ENVYO.







## **Current and prospective focus**

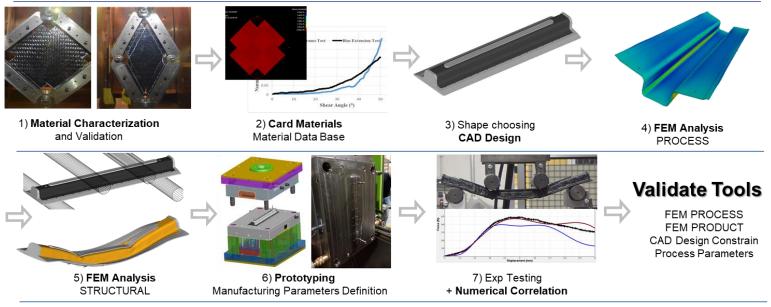
Along with continuous feedback to LS-DYNA and ENVYO

- Validate technology on double dome case study and then on larger structural components, which includes forming with MAT\_249 and mapping with ENVYO.
- Short fiber reinforced polymer (SFRP) mapping employing ENVYO to facilate simulation of overmolded composite structures in LS-DYNA and to gain confidence for multimaterial hybrid and overmolded composite structures.
- Local denisty variations of the laminate with respect to the thickness change need to addressed.
- Local strain and stiffness comparison employing 3D digital image correlation for future trials for automotive structural components.



## **R&D** Network in ITALY

Politecnico di Torino, Proplast and BeonD are open to collaborate in **R&D program project** or in **industrial** case studies following and support our customer in the whole development process:



PRE and POST: Hyperworks, Hypermesh, Ansa SOLVERS: Abaqus, Nastran, Optistruct, LS-Dyna, Radioss TECH: Compression Moulding + Overmoulding, Compression Moulding + Back-injection





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